- (c) One administrative hearing shall be held for any one community unless the Administrator for good cause shown grants a separate hearing or hearings.
- (d) The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the community or his/her designee shall represent all appellants from that community; *Provided*, That any appellant may petition the board to allow such appellant to make an appearance on his/her own behalf. Such a petition shall be granted only upon a showing of good cause.
- (e) Hearings shall be open to the public.
- (f) A verbatim transcript will be made of the hearing. An appellant may order copies of the transcribed verbatim record directly from the reporter and will be responsible for payments.

[47 FR 23449, May 29, 1982, as amended at 49 FR 33879, Aug. 27, 1984]

§68.8 Scope of review.

Review at administrative hearings shall be limited to: An examination of any information presented by each appellant within the 90 day appeal period indicating that elevations proposed by the Administrator are scientifically or technically incorrect; the FIRM; the flood insurance study; its backup data and the references used in development of the flood insurance study; and responses by FEMA to the issues raised by the appellant(s).

[47 FR 23449, May 29, 1982, as amended at 49 FR 33879, Aug. 27, 1984]

§68.9 Admissible evidence.

- (a) Legal rules of evidence shall not be in effect at adminstrative hearings. However, *only* evidence relevant to issues within the scope of review under §68.8 shall be admissible.
- (b) Documentary and oral evidence shall be admissible.
- (c) Admissibility of non-expert testimony shall be within the discretion of the board.
 - (d) All testimony shall be under oath.
- (e) Res judicata/collateral estoppel. Where there has been a previous determination, decision or finding of fact by the Director, one of his delegees, an administrative law judge, hearing officer, or hearing board regarding the base

flood elevations of any other community, such determination, decision, or finding of fact shall not be binding on the board and may only be admissible into evidence if relevant.

§68.10 Burden of proof.

The burden shall be on appellant(s) to prove that the flood elevation determination is not scientifically or technically correct.

§68.11 Determination.

The board shall render its written decision within 45 days after the conclusion of the hearing. The entire record of the hearing including the board's decision will be sent to the Director for review and approval. The Director shall make the final base flood elevation determination by accepting in whole or in part or by rejecting the board's decision.

§68.12 Relief.

The final determination may be appealed by the appellant(s) to the United States district court as provided in section 1363(f) of the Act (42 U.S.C. 4104).

PART 69—[RESERVED]

PART 70—PROCEDURE FOR MAP CORRECTION

MAPPING DEFICIENCIES UNRELATED TO COM-MUNITY-WIDE ELEVATION DETERMINATIONS

Sec.

- 70.1 Purpose of part.
- 70.2 Definitions.
- 70.3 Right to submit technical information.
- 70.4 Review by the Director.
- 70.5 Letter of Map Amendment.
- 70.6 Distribution of Letter of Map Amendment.
- 70.7 Notice of Letter of Map Amendment.
- 70.8 Premium refund after Letter of Map Amendment.
- 70.9 Review of proposed projects.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 43 FR 41943, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.